SAFETY DATA SHEET



Date of issue/Date of revision21 February 2020Version 4.02

Section 1. Identification		
Product code	: 00393131	
Product name	: SIGMAZINC 158 BINDER	
Product type	: Liquid.	
Relevant identified uses of Identified uses Coating. Paints. Painting-re	the substance or mixture and uses advised against lated materials.	
Supplier's details	: ₱₱G Industries (Singapore) Pte. Ltd., No. 1 Tuas Basin Close, Singapore 638803. Tel +65 68653737	
Emergency telephone number (with hours of operation)	: CHEMTREC +(65)-31581349 (CCN 17704)	

Section 2. Hazards identification

Classification of the substance or mixture	 FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 3 ACUTE TOXICITY (inhalation) - Category 4 SKIN CORROSION/IRRITATION - Category 2 SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE/ EYE IRRITATION - Category 2A TOXIC TO REPRODUCTION (Fertility) - Category 1B TOXIC TO REPRODUCTION (Unborn child) - Category 1B SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (SINGLE EXPOSURE) - Category 2 SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (SINGLE EXPOSURE) (Respiratory tract irritation) - Category 3 SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (SINGLE EXPOSURE) (Narcotic effects) - Category 3 Category 3
	Category 3 SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (REPEATED EXPOSURE) - Category 1

GHS label elements, including precautionary statements



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Section 2. Hazards identification

Hazard statements	Flammable liquid and vapor. Harmful if inhaled.
	Causes serious eye irritation.
	Causes skin irritation.
	May damage fertility or the unborn child.
	May cause damage to organs.
	May cause respiratory irritation.
	May cause drowsiness or dizziness.
	Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.
Precautionary statements	
Prevention	Obtain special instructions before use. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Wear protective gloves. Wear eye or face protection. Wear protective clothing. Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking. Use explosion-proof electrical, ventilating, lighting and all material-handling equipment. Use only non-sparking tools. Take precautionary measures against static discharge. Keep container tightly closed. Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area. Do not breathe vapor. Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product. Wash hands thoroughly after handling.
Response	Get medical attention if you feel unwell. IF exposed or concerned: Call a POISON CENTER or physician. IF INHALED: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing. Call a POISON CENTER or physician if you feel unwell. IF ON SKIN (or hair): Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water or shower. IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of soap and water. Take off contaminated clothing and wash it before reuse. If skin irritation occurs: Get medical attention. IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. If eye irritation persists: Get medical attention.
Storage	Store locked up. Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep cool.
Disposal	Dispose of contents and container in accordance with all local, regional, national and international regulations.
Other hazards which do not	Prolonged or repeated contact may dry skin and cause irritation.

result in classification

Froionged of repeated contact may dry skin and cause initiatic

Section 3. Composition/information on ingredients

Su	bst	an	ce/	mi	xt	ure
-						

: Mixture

CAS number/other identifiers

CAS number	: Not applicable.
CAS number	· Not applicable.
EC number	: Mixture.

Section 3. Composition/information on ingredients

Ingredient name	%	CAS number
rystalline silica, respirable powder (<10 microns)	25 - <50	14808-60-7
1-methoxy-2-propanol	20 - <25	107-98-2
xylene	10 - <20	1330-20-7
Silicic acid, ethyl ester	10 - <20	11099-06-2
tetraethyl silicate	3 - <5	78-10-4
ethylbenzene	3 - <5	100-41-4
Talc , not containing asbestiform fibres	1 - <3	14807-96-6
methanol	1 - <3	67-56-1
trimethyl borate	0.3 - <1	121-43-7

There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified as hazardous to health or the environment and hence require reporting in this section.

Occupational exposure limits, if available, are listed in Section 8.

SUB codes represent substances without registered CAS Numbers.

Section 4. First aid measures

Description of necessary first aid measures

Eye contact	: Remove contact lenses, irrigate copiously with clean, fresh water, holding the eyelids apart for at least 10 minutes and seek immediate medical advice.
Inhalation	 Remove to fresh air. Keep person warm and at rest. If not breathing, if breathing is irregular or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by trained personnel.
Skin contact	 Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Wash skin thoroughly with soap and water or use recognized skin cleanser. Do NOT use solvents or thinners.
Ingestion	 If swallowed, seek medical advice immediately and show this container or label. Keep person warm and at rest. Do NOT induce vomiting.

Most important symptoms/effects, acute and delayed

Potential acute health effect		
Eye contact	Causes serious eye irritation.	
Inhalation	Harmful if inhaled. Can cause central nervous system (CNS) depression. May cause drowsiness or dizziness. May cause respiratory irritation.	
Skin contact	May cause damage to organs following a single exposure in contact with skin. Causes skin irritation. Defatting to the skin.	
Ingestion	May cause damage to organs following a single exposure if swallowed. Can cause central nervous system (CNS) depression.	;
Over-exposure signs/sympt		
Eye contact	Adverse symptoms may include the following: pain or irritation watering redness	

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Section 4. First aid measures

Inhalation	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: respiratory tract irritation coughing nausea or vomiting headache drowsiness/fatigue dizziness/vertigo unconsciousness reduced fetal weight increase in fetal deaths skeletal malformations
Skin contact	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: irritation redness dryness cracking reduced fetal weight increase in fetal deaths skeletal malformations
Ingestion	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: reduced fetal weight increase in fetal deaths skeletal malformations
Indication of immediate	nedical attention and special treatment needed, if necessary
Notes to physician	: Treat symptomatically. Contact poison treatment specialist immediately if large quantities have been ingested or inhaled.

Specific treatments	No specific treatment.	
Protection of first-aiders	No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable train suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropr or self-contained breathing apparatus. It may be dangerous to the person aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Wash contaminated clothing tho with water before removing it, or wear gloves.	iate mask providing

See toxicological information (Section 11)

Section 5. Fire-fighting measures

Extinguishing media	
Suitable extinguishing media	: Use dry chemical, CO ₂ , water spray (fog) or foam.
Unsuitable extinguishing media	: Do not use water jet.
Specific hazards arising from the chemical	: Flammable liquid and vapor. Runoff to sewer may create fire or explosion hazard. In a fire or if heated, a pressure increase will occur and the container may burst, with the risk of a subsequent explosion.

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Section 5. Fire-fighting measures

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Hazardous thermal decomposition products	: Decomposition products may include the following materials: carbon oxides metal oxide/oxides
Special protective actions for fire-fighters	: Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Move containers from fire area if this can be done without risk. Use water spray to keep fire-exposed containers cool.
Special protective equipment for fire-fighters	 Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode.

Section 6. Accidental release measures

Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

For non-emergency personnel	:	No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. Do not touch or walk through spilled material. Shut off all ignition sources. No flares, smoking or flames in hazard area. Avoid breathing vapor or mist. Provide adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment.
For emergency responders	:	If specialized clothing is required to deal with the spillage, take note of any information in Section 8 on suitable and unsuitable materials. See also the information in "For non-emergency personnel".
Environmental precautions	:	Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air).
Methods and materials for co	nta	ainment and cleaning up
Small spill	:	Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Dilute with water and mop up if water-soluble. Alternatively, or if water-insoluble, absorb with an inert dry material and place in an appropriate waste disposal container. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor.
Large spill	-	Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Approach release from upwind. Prevent entry into sewers, water courses, basements or confined areas. Wash spillages into an effluent treatment plant or proceed as follows. Contain and collect spillage with non-combustible, absorbent material e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite or diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations (see Section 13). Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Contaminated absorbent material may pose the same hazard as the spilled product. Note: see Section 1 for emergency contact information and Section 13 for waste disposal.

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Section 7. Handling and storage

Precautions for safe handling

Protective measures	:	Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8). Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this material is handled, stored and processed. Workers should wash hands and face before eating, drinking and smoking. Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering eating areas. Do not ingest. Avoid contact with eyes, skin and clothing. Avoid breathing vapor or mist. Use only with adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Do not enter storage areas and confined spaces unless adequately ventilated. Keep in the original container or an approved alternative made from a compatible material, kept tightly closed when not in use. Store and use away from heat, sparks, open flame or any other ignition source. Use explosion-proof electrical (ventilating, lighting and material handling) equipment. Use non-sparking tools. Take precautionary measures against electrostatic discharges. To avoid fire or explosion, dissipate static electricity during transfer by grounding and bonding containers and equipment before transferring material. Empty containers retain product residue and can be hazardous. Do not reuse container.
Advice on general occupational hygiene	:	Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this material is handled, stored and processed. Workers should wash hands and face before eating, drinking and smoking. Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering eating areas. See also Section 8 for additional information on hygiene measures.
Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities	:	Store between the following temperatures: 0 to 35°C (32 to 95°F). Store in accordance with local regulations. Store in a segregated and approved area. Store in original container protected from direct sunlight in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area, away from incompatible materials (see Section 10) and food and drink. Store locked up. Eliminate all ignition sources. Separate from oxidizing materials. Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Do not store in unlabeled containers. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination. See Section 10 for incompatible materials before handling or use.

Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

Control parameters

Occupational exposure limits

Ingredient name	Exposure limits
ørystalline silica, respirable powder (<10 microns)	Workplace Safety and Health Act
	(Singapore, 2/2006).
	PEL (long term): 0.1 mg/m ³ 8 hours. Form:
	Respirable Dust
1-methoxy-2-propanol	Workplace Safety and Health Act
	(Singapore, 2/2006).
	PEL (short term): 553 mg/m ³ 15 minutes.
	PEL (short term): 150 ppm 15 minutes.
	PEL (long term): 369 mg/m ³ 8 hours.
	PEL (long term): 100 ppm 8 hours.
xylene	Workplace Safety and Health Act
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Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

tetraethyl silicate	(Singapore, 2/2006). PEL (short term): 651 mg/m ³ 15 minutes. PEL (short term): 150 ppm 15 minutes. PEL (long term): 434 mg/m ³ 8 hours. PEL (long term): 100 ppm 8 hours. Workplace Safety and Health Act (Singapore, 2/2006). PEL (long term): 85 mg/m ³ 8 hours.
ethylbenzene	PEL (long term): 10 ppm 8 hours. Workplace Safety and Health Act (Singapore, 2/2006). PEL (short term): 543 mg/m ³ 15 minutes. PEL (short term): 125 ppm 15 minutes.
Talc , not containing asbestiform fibres	(Singapore, 2/2006). PEL (long term): 2 mg/m ³ 8 hours.
methanol trimethyl borate	Workplace Safety and Health Act (Singapore, 2/2006). PEL (short term): 328 mg/m ³ 15 minutes. PEL (short term): 250 ppm 15 minutes. PEL (long term): 262 mg/m ³ 8 hours. PEL (long term): 200 ppm 8 hours. ACGIH TLV (United States). STEL: 6 mg/m ³ TWA: 2 mg/m ³
procedures atmos of the protect standa	product contains ingredients with exposure limits, personal, workplace sphere or biological monitoring may be required to determine the effectiveness ventilation or other control measures and/or the necessity to use respiratory ctive equipment. Reference should be made to appropriate monitoring ards. Reference to national guidance documents for methods for the mination of hazardous substances will also be required.
controls or oth below keep	only with adequate ventilation. Use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation ber engineering controls to keep worker exposure to airborne contaminants of any recommended or statutory limits. The engineering controls also need to gas, vapor or dust concentrations below any lower explosive limits. Use sion-proof ventilation equipment.
controls they c	sions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensure comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation. In some

cases, fume scrubbers, filters or engineering modifications to the process equipment will be necessary to reduce emissions to acceptable levels.

Individual protection measures **Hygiene measures**

: Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period. Appropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing. Wash contaminated clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location.

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Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

Eye/face protection	: Chemical splash goggles.
Skin protection	
Hand protection	: Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an approved standard should be worn at all times when handling chemical products if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Considering the parameters specified by the glove manufacturer, check during use that the gloves are still retaining their protective properties. It should be noted that the time to breakthrough for any glove material may be different for different glove manufacturers. In the case of mixtures, consisting of several substances, the protection time of the gloves cannot be accurately estimated.
Gloves	: For prolonged or repeated handling, use the following type of gloves:
	May be used: nitrile rubber Recommended: butyl rubber, polyvinyl alcohol (PVA), Viton®
Body protection	: Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product. When there is a risk of ignition from static electricity, wear anti-static protective clothing. For the greatest protection from static discharges, clothing should include anti-static overalls, boots and gloves.
Other skin protection	: Appropriate footwear and any additional skin protection measures should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.
Respiratory protection	: Respirator selection must be based on known or anticipated exposure levels, the hazards of the product and the safe working limits of the selected respirator. If workers are exposed to concentrations above the exposure limit, they must use appropriate, certified respirators. Use a properly fitted, air-purifying or air-fed respirator complying with an approved standard if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary.

Section 9. Physical and chemical properties

<u>Appearance</u>	
Physical state	: Liquid.
Color	: Yellow.
Odor	: Aromatic.
рН	insoluble in water.
Boiling point	: >37.78°C (>100°F)
Flash point	: Closed cup: 26°C (78.8°F)
Evaporation rate	: Highest known value: 2.1 (methanol) Weighted average: 0.83compared with butyl acetate
Flammability (solid, gas)	: liquid
Vapor pressure	: ⊮ ighest known value: 16.9 kPa (127 mm Hg) (at 20°C) (methanol). Weighted average: 1.39 kPa (10.43 mm Hg) (at 20°C)
Vapor density	: F ighest known value: 7.22 (Air = 1) (tetraethyl silicate). Weighted average: 3.66 (Air = 1)
Relative density	: 1.18

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Section 9. Physical and chemical properties

Solubility	: Insoluble in the following materials: cold water.
Auto-ignition temperature	: Lowest known value: 270°C (518°F) (1-methoxy-2-propanol).
Viscosity	: Kinematic (40°C (104°F)): >0.21 cm²/s (>21 cSt)

Section 10. Stability and reactivity

Reactivity	: No specific test data related to reactivity available for this product or its ingredients.
Chemical stability	: The product is stable.
Possibility of hazardous reactions	: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will not occur.
Conditions to avoid	: When exposed to high temperatures may produce hazardous decomposition products.
Incompatible materials	: Keep away from the following materials to prevent strong exothermic reactions: oxidizing agents, strong alkalis, strong acids.
Hazardous decomposition products	: Evolves hydrogen on contact with water. Depending on conditions, decomposition products may include the following materials: carbon oxides metal oxide/oxides

Section 11. Toxicological information

Information on toxicological effects

Acute toxicity

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Dose	Exposure
-methoxy-2-propanol	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	13 g/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	5.2 g/kg	-
xylene	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	>1.7 g/kg	-
-	LD50 Oral	Rat	4.3 g/kg	-
Silicic acid, ethyl ester	LD50 Oral	Rat	6270 mg/kg	-
tetraethyl silicate	LC50 Inhalation Dusts and mists	Rat	10 to 16 mg/l	4 hours
-	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	5.878 g/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	6270 mg/kg	-
ethylbenzene	LC50 Inhalation Vapor	Rat	17.8 mg/l	4 hours
-	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	17.8 g/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	3.5 g/kg	-
methanol	LC50 Inhalation Gas.	Rat	145000 ppm	1 hours
	LC50 Inhalation Gas.	Rat	64000 ppm	4 hours
	LC50 Inhalation Vapor	Rat	64000 ppm	4 hours
	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	15800 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	5600 mg/kg	-
trimethyl borate	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	1.98 g/kg	-
-	LD50 Oral	Rat	6.14 g/kg	-

Irritation/Corrosion

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Section 11. Toxicological information

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Product/ingredient name		Result	Species	Sco	re	Exposure	Observation
xylene		Skin - Moderate irritant	Rabbit	-		24 hours 50	0 -
						mg	
Conclusion/Summary							
Skin	: 1	There are no data available o	n the mixture its	self.			
Eyes	: 1	There are no data available o	n the mixture its	self.			
Respiratory	: 1	There are no data available o	n the mixture its	self.			
Sensitization							
Conclusion/Summary							
Skin	: 1	There are no data available o	n the mixture its	self.			
Respiratory	: 1	There are no data available o	n the mixture its	self.			
<u>Mutagenicity</u>							
Conclusion/Summary	:	There are no data available of	on the mixture it	self.			
Carcinogenicity							
Conclusion/Summary	:	There are no data available of	on the mixture it	self.			
Reproductive toxicity							
Conclusion/Summary	usion/Summary : There are no data available on the mixture itself.						
<u>Teratogenicity</u>							
Conclusion/Summary	Conclusion/Summary : There are no data available on the mixture itself.						
<u>Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure)</u>							
News			Catagoria		Deute	с <u>т</u>	

Name	Category	Route of exposure	Target organs
1-methoxy-2-propanol xylene	Category 3 Category 3	Not applicable. Not applicable.	Narcotic effects Respiratory tract irritation
tetraethyl silicate	Category 3	Not applicable.	Respiratory tract irritation
Talc , not containing asbestiform fibres	Category 3	Not applicable.	Respiratory tract irritation
methanol trimethyl borate	Category 1 Category 1	Not determined Not determined	Not determined optic nerve

Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)

Name	Category	Route of exposure	Target organs
	Category 1	Inhalation	Not determined
	Category 2	Not determined	hearing organs

Aspiration hazard

Name	Result
	ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1 ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1

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Section 11. Toxicological information

Information on the likely routes of exposure	: Not available.
Potential acute health effec	<u>ts</u>
Eye contact	: Causes serious eye irritation.
Inhalation	 Harmful if inhaled. Can cause central nervous system (CNS) depression. May cause drowsiness or dizziness. May cause respiratory irritation.
Skin contact	 May cause damage to organs following a single exposure in contact with skin. Causes skin irritation. Defatting to the skin.
Ingestion	: May cause damage to organs following a single exposure if swallowed. Can cause central nervous system (CNS) depression.
Symptoms related to the ph	nysical, chemical and toxicological characteristics
Eye contact	: Adverse symptoms may include the following:
	pain or irritation
	watering redness
Inhalation	: Adverse symptoms may include the following:
	respiratory tract irritation
	coughing
	nausea or vomiting
	headache drowsiness/fatigue
	dizziness/vertigo
	unconsciousness
	reduced fetal weight
	increase in fetal deaths
0111	skeletal malformations
Skin contact	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: irritation
	redness
	dryness
	cracking
	reduced fetal weight
	increase in fetal deaths skeletal malformations
Investion	
Ingestion	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: reduced fetal weight
	increase in fetal deaths
	skeletal malformations
Dolayod and immodiato offic	ects and also chronic effects from short and long term exposure
Short term exposure	term exposure
Potential immediate effects	: Not available.
Potential delayed effects	: Not available.
Long term exposure	
Long term exposure	

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Section 11. Toxicological information

Potential immediate effects	:	Not available.
Potential delayed effects	1	Not available.
Potential chronic health effo	ects	
General	:	Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure. Prolonged or repeated contact can defat the skin and lead to irritation, cracking and/or dermatitis.
Carcinogenicity	:	No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Mutagenicity	:	No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Teratogenicity	1	May damage the unborn child.
Developmental effects	:	No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Fertility effects	:	May damage fertility.

Numerical measures of toxicity

Acute toxicity estimates

Route	ATE value
Øral	6624.81 mg/kg
Dermal	2745.21 mg/kg
Inhalation (vapors)	19.13 mg/l
Inhalation (dusts and mists)	3.51 mg/l

Other information

There are no data available on the mixture itself. The mixture has been assessed following the conventional method of the CLP Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008 and is classified for toxicological properties accordingly. See Sections 2 and 3 for details.

Exposure to component solvent vapor concentrations in excess of the stated occupational exposure limit may result in adverse health effects such as mucous membrane and respiratory system irritation and adverse effects on the kidneys, liver and central nervous system. Symptoms and signs include headache, dizziness, fatigue, muscular weakness, drowsiness and, in extreme cases, loss of consciousness.

Solvents may cause some of the above effects by absorption through the skin. Repeated or prolonged contact with the mixture may cause removal of natural fat from the skin, resulting in non-allergic contact dermatitis and absorption through the skin.

If splashed in the eyes, the liquid may cause irritation and reversible damage.

Ingestion may cause nausea, diarrhea and vomiting.

This takes into account, where known, delayed and immediate effects and also chronic effects of components from short-term and long-term exposure by oral, inhalation and dermal routes of exposure and eye contact.

Section 12. Ecological information

Toxicity

Result	Species	Exposure
Acute LC50 23300 mg/l	Daphnia	48 hours
Acute LC50 >4500 mg/l Fresh water	Fish	96 hours
Acute LC50 150 to 200 mg/l Fresh water	Fish	96 hours
Acute LC50 13 mg/l Fresh water	Fish	96 hours
	Acute LC50 23300 mg/l Acute LC50 >4500 mg/l Fresh water Acute LC50 150 to 200 mg/l Fresh water	Acute LC50 23300 mg/lDaphniaAcute LC50 >4500 mg/l Fresh waterFishAcute LC50 150 to 200 mg/l FreshFishwaterWater

Persistence/degradability

Conclusion/Summary	: There are no data available on the	mixture itself.	
Product/ingredient name	Aquatic half-life	Photolysis	Biodegradability
xylene ethylbenzene	-	-	Readily Readily

Bioaccumulative potential

Product/ingredient name	LogPow	BCF	Potential
xylene	3.16	7.4 to 18.5	low
ethylbenzene	3.15	79.43	low
methanol	-0.77	-	low
trimethyl borate	-1.9	-	low

<u>Mobility in soil</u>	
Soil/water partition coefficient (Koc)	: Not available.

Other adverse effects : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Section 13. Disposal considerations

Disposal methods :	The generation of waste should be avoided or minimized wherever possible. Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Dispose of surplus and non-recyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste should not be disposed of untreated to the sewer unless fully compliant with the requirements of all authorities with jurisdiction. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Care should be taken when handling emptied containers that have not been cleaned or rinsed out. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. Vapor from product residues may create a highly flammable or explosive atmosphere inside the container. Do not cut, weld or grind used containers unless they have been cleaned thoroughly internally. Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers.
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Section 14. Transport information

	UN	IMDG	IATA
UN number	UN1263	UN1263	UN1263
UN proper shipping name	PAINT	PAINT	PAINT
Transport hazard class(es)	3	3	3
Packing group	III	III	III
Environmental hazards	No.	No.	No.
Marine pollutant substances	Not applicable.	Not applicable.	Not applicable.

Additional information

UN	:None identified.
IMDG	:None identified.
IATA	:None identified.

Special precautions for user : Transport within user's premises: always transport in closed containers that are upright and secure. Ensure that persons transporting the product know what to do in the event of an accident or spillage.

Section 15. Regulatory information

Singapore - hazardous chemicals under government control

None.

International regulations

Montreal Protocol

Not listed.

Section 16. Other information

History

Date of issue/Date of revision	: 21 February 2020
Date of previous issue	: 12/23/2019
Version	: 4.02
Prepared by	: EHS

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Section 16. Other information

Key to abbreviations	: ATE = Acute Toxicity Estimate
Rey to abbreviations	
	BCF = Bioconcentration Factor
	GHS = Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals
	IATA = International Air Transport Association
	IBC = Intermediate Bulk Container
	IMDG = International Maritime Dangerous Goods
	LogPow = logarithm of the octanol/water partition coefficient
	MARPOL = International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution From Ships, 1973 as modified by the Protocol of 1978. ("Marpol" = marine pollution)
	UN = United Nations

✓ Indicates information that has changed from previously issued version.

Notice to reader

The information contained in this data sheet is based on present scientific and technical knowledge. The purpose of this information is to draw attention to the health and safety aspects concerning the products supplied by PPG, and to recommend precautionary measures for the storage and handling of the products. No warranty or guarantee is given in respect of the properties of the products. No liability can be accepted for any failure to observe the precautionary measures described in this data sheet or for any misuse of the products.