# SAFETY DATA SHEET



# Penguard Express MIO Comp A

Section 1. Identif	ication
Product name	: 快干环氧云铁漆 组份A
Product code	: 3440
Product type	: Liquid.
Product description	: Paint.
Relevant identified uses of	the substance or mixture and uses advised against
Supplier's details	<ul> <li>: 佐敦涂料(张家港)有限公司 江苏省张家港保税区扬子江化学工业园长江路15号 215634 电话: +86 512 58937988 传真: +86 512 58937986</li> <li>Jotun Coatings (Zhangjiagang) Co. Ltd No.15 Changjiang Road Jiangsu Yangtze River International Chemical Industry Park,</li> </ul>
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# Section 2. Hazards identification

Classification of the substance or mixture	: FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 3 SKIN CORROSION/IRRITATION - Category 2 SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE/ EYE IRRITATION - Category 2A SKIN SENSITIZATION - Category 1 LONG-TERM AQUATIC HAZARD - Category 3
GHS label elements	
Hazard pictograms	
Signal word	: Warning.
Hazard statements	<ul> <li>Flammable liquid and vapour.</li> <li>Causes serious eye irritation.</li> <li>Causes skin irritation.</li> <li>May cause an allergic skin reaction.</li> <li>Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.</li> </ul>
Precautionary statements	

Date of issue	: 23.11.2015.

### Section 2. Hazards identification

Prevention	: Wear protective gloves. Wear eye or face protection. Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking. Use explosion-proof electrical, ventilating, lighting and all material-handling equipment. Use only non-sparking tools. Take precautionary measures against static discharge. Keep container tightly closed. Avoid release to the environment. Avoid breathing vapour. Wash hands thoroughly after handling. Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace.
Response	: IF ON SKIN (or hair): Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water or shower. IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of soap and water. Take off contaminated clothing and wash it before reuse. If skin irritation or rash occurs: Get medical attention. IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. If eye irritation persists: Get medical attention.
Storage	: Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep cool.
Disposal	<ul> <li>Dispose of contents and container in accordance with all local, regional, national and international regulations.</li> </ul>

# Section 3. Composition/information on ingredients

Outle at any a straight una	. Minda and		
Substance/mixture	: Mixture		
Other means of	: Not available.		
identification			
CAS number/other iden	<u>tifiers</u>		
CAS number	: Not applicable.		
EC number	: Mixture.		
Product code	: 3440		
Ingredient name		%	CAS number
epoxy resin (MW $\leq$ 700)		10 - 25	25068-38-6
xylene		10 - 25	1330-20-7
epoxy resin (MW 700-1200)		2.5 - 10	25036-25-3
benzyl alcohol		2.5 - 10	100-51-6
ethylbenzene		1 - 2.5	100-41-4
1-methoxy-2-propanol		1 - 2.5	107-98-2
hydrocarbons, c9-unsatd., polymd.		1 - 2.5	71302-83-5

There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified as hazardous to health or the environment and hence require reporting in this section.

Occupational exposure limits, if available, are listed in Section 8.

### Section 4. First-aid measures

<b>Description of necess</b>	<u>ary first aid measures</u>
Eye contact	: Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water, occasionally lifting the upper and lower eyelids. Check for and remove any contact lenses. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Get medical attention.
Inhalation	: Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. If not breathing, if breathing is irregular or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by trained personnel. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Get medical attention if adverse health effects persist or are severe. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband.
Skin contact	: Wash with plenty of soap and water. Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly with water before removing it, or wear gloves. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Get medical attention. In the event of any complaints or symptoms, avoid further exposure. Wash clothing before reuse. Clean shoes thoroughly before reuse.

### Section 4. First-aid measures

Ingestion	Wash out mouth with water. Remove dentures if any. Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. If material has been swallowed and the exposed person is conscious, give small quantities of water to drink. Stop if the exposed person feels sick as vomiting may be dangerous. Do nduce vomiting unless directed to do so by medical personnel. If vomiting occur he head should be kept low so that vomit does not enter the lungs. Get medical attention if adverse health effects persist or are severe. Never give anything by nouth to an unconscious person. If unconscious, place in recovery position and nedical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing s as a collar, tie, belt or waistband.	o not rs, I	
Most important symptoms/e	s, acute and delayed		
Potential acute health effect			
Eye contact	Causes serious eye irritation.		
Inhalation	No known significant effects or critical hazards.		
Skin contact	Causes skin irritation. May cause an allergic skin reaction.		
Ingestion	No known significant effects or critical hazards.		
<u>Over-exposure signs/symptoms</u>			
Eye contact	Adverse symptoms may include the following: pain or irritation vatering edness		
Inhalation	No specific data.		
Skin contact	Adverse symptoms may include the following: rritation edness		
Ingestion	No specific data.		
Indication of immediate med	attention and special treatment needed, if necessary		
Notes to physician	Freat symptomatically. Contact poison treatment specialist immediately if large quantities have been ingested or inhaled.		
Specific treatments	No specific treatment.		
Protection of first-aiders	No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. I nay be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitat Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly with water before removing it, or wear gloves.		
See toxicological informatio	ction 11)		

# Section 5. Fire-fighting measures

Extinguishing media	
Suitable extinguishing media	: Use dry chemical, CO <sub>2</sub> , water spray (fog) or foam.
Unsuitable extinguishing media	: Do not use water jet.
Specific hazards arising from the chemical	: Flammable liquid and vapour. In a fire or if heated, a pressure increase will occur and the container may burst, with the risk of a subsequent explosion. Runoff to sewer may create fire or explosion hazard. This material is harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects. Fire water contaminated with this material must be contained and prevented from being discharged to any waterway, sewer or drain.
Hazardous thermal decomposition products	: Decomposition products may include the following materials: carbon dioxide carbon monoxide halogenated compounds metal oxide/oxides
Special protective actions for fire-fighters	: Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Move containers from fire area if this can be done without risk. Use water spray to keep fire-exposed containers cool.

### Section 5. Fire-fighting measures

Special protective	
equipment for fire-fighters	

: Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode.

## Section 6. Accidental release measures

#### Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

:	No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. Do not touch or walk through spilt material. Shut off all ignition sources. No flares, smoking or flames in hazard area. Avoid breathing vapour or mist. Provide adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment.
:	If specialised clothing is required to deal with the spillage, take note of any information in Section 8 on suitable and unsuitable materials. See also the information in "For non-emergency personnel".
:	Avoid dispersal of spilt material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air). Water polluting material. May be harmful to the environment if released in large quantities.
ntai	inment and cleaning up
:	Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Dilute with water and mop up if water-soluble. Alternatively, or if water-insoluble, absorb with an inert dry material and place in an appropriate waste disposal container. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor.
-	Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Approach the release from upwind. Prevent entry into sewers, water courses, basements or confined areas. Wash spillages into an effluent treatment plant or proceed as follows. Contain and collect spillage with non-combustible, absorbent material e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite or diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations (see Section 13). Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Contaminated absorbent material may pose the same hazard as the spill product. Note: see Section 1 for emergency contact information and Section 13 for waste disposal.
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# Section 7. Handling and storage

Precautions for safe handling	t e	Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this material is handled, stored and processed. Workers should wash hands and face before eating, drinking and smoking. Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering eating areas. See also Section 8 for additional information on hygiene measures.
Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities		Store in accordance with local regulations. Store in a segregated and approved area. Store in original container protected from direct sunlight in a dry, cool and well- ventilated area, away from incompatible materials (see Section 10) and food and drink. Eliminate all ignition sources. Separate from oxidizing materials. Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Do not store in unlabelled containers. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination.

### Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

#### Control parameters

**Occupational exposure limits** 

# Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

Ingredient name	Exposure limits	
xylene ethylbenzene	GBZ 2.1 (China, 4/2007). PC-STEL: 100 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 15 minutes. PC-TWA: 50 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hours. GBZ 2.1 (China, 4/2007).	
1-methoxy-2-propanol	PC-TWA: 100 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hours. PC-STEL: 150 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 15 minutes. <b>ACGIH TLV (United States, 3/2015).</b> STEL: 369 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 15 minutes. STEL: 100 ppm 15 minutes. TWA: 184 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hours. TWA: 50 ppm 8 hours.	
Recommended monitoring procedures	If this product contains ingredients with exposure limits, personal, workplace atmosphere or biological monitoring may be required to determine the effective of the ventilation or other control measures and/or the necessity to use respirat protective equipment. Reference should be made to appropriate monitoring standards. Reference to national guidance documents for methods for the determination of hazardous substances will also be required.	
Appropriate engineering controls	Use only with adequate ventilation. Use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation or other engineering controls to keep worker exposure to airborne contaminants below any recommended or statutory limits. The engineering con also need to keep gas, vapour or dust concentrations below any lower explosiv limits. Use explosion-proof ventilation equipment.	
Environmental exposure controls	Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to en they comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation. In se cases, fume scrubbers, filters or engineering modifications to the process equipment will be necessary to reduce emissions to acceptable levels.	
ndividual protection measur		
Hygiene measures	Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, the eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period. Appropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated cloid Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace. Wash contaminated clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and safet showers are close to the workstation location.	thin า
Eye protection	Safety eyewear complying with an approved standard should be used when a r assessment indicates this is necessary to avoid exposure to liquid splashes, m gases or dusts. If contact is possible, the following protection should be worn, unless the assessment indicates a higher degree of protection: chemical splas goggles.	ists
Skin protection		
Hand protection	Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an approved standard sh be worn at all times when handling chemical products if a risk assessment indic this is necessary. Considering the parameters specified by the glove manufact check during use that the gloves are still retaining their protective properties. It should be noted that the time to breakthrough for any glove material may be different for different glove manufacturers. In the case of mixtures, consisting of several substances, the protection time of the gloves cannot be accurately estimated.	cate ture t
Body protection	Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the ta being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product. When there is a risk of ignition from static electric wear anti-static protective clothing. For the greatest protection from static discharges, clothing should include anti-static overalls, boots and gloves.	
Other skin protection	Appropriate footwear and any additional skin protection measures should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should approved by a specialist before handling this product.	be
Respiratory protection	Use a properly fitted, air-purifying or air-fed respirator complying with an approx standard if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Respirator selection be based on known or anticipated exposure levels, the hazards of the product a the safe working limits of the selected respirator.	mu

# Section 9. Physical and chemical properties

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Appearance		
Physical state	_iquid.	
Colour	/arious colours.	
Odour	Characteristic.	
Odour threshold	Not available.	
рН	Not applicable.	
Melting point	Not applicable.	
Boiling point	Lowest known value: 120.17°C (248.3°F) (1-methoxy-2-propanol). Weighted average: 215.12°C (419.2°F)	
Flash point	Closed cup: 32°C (89,6°F)	
Burning time	Not applicable.	
Burning rate	Not applicable.	
Evaporation rate	Highest known value: 0.84 (ethylbenzene) Weighted average: 0.67compared butyl acetate	with
Flammability (solid, gas)	Not applicable.	
Lower and upper explosive (flammable) limits	0.8 - 13.74%	
Vapour pressure	Highest known value: 1.2 kPa (9.3 mm Hg) (at 20°C) (ethylbenzene). Weighte average: 0.42 kPa (3.15 mm Hg) (at 20°C)	ed
Vapour density	Highest known value: 3.7 (Air = 1) (xylene). Weighted average: 3.64 (Air = 1	1)
Relative density	I.691 to 1.708 g/cm³	
Solubility	nsoluble in the following materials: cold water and hot water.	
Partition coefficient: n- octanol/water	Not available.	
Auto-ignition temperature	₋owest known value: 270°C (518°F) (1-methoxy-2-propanol).	
Decomposition temperature	Not available.	
SADT	Not available.	
Viscosity	Dynamic: Highest known value: 75 cP (hydrocarbons, c9-unsatd., polymd.) Weighted average: 10.08 cP Kinematic: Highest known value: 0.77 cSt (ethylbenzene) Kinematic (40C): >22.5 cSt	

# Section 10. Stability and reactivity

Reactivity	: No specific test data related to reactivity available for this product or its ingredients.
Chemical stability	: The product is stable.
Possibility of hazardous reactions	: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will not occur.
Conditions to avoid	: Avoid all possible sources of ignition (spark or flame). Do not pressurise, cut, weld, braze, solder, drill, grind or expose containers to heat or sources of ignition.
Incompatible materials	: Keep away from the following materials to prevent strong exothermic reactions: oxidising agents, strong alkalis, strong acids.
Hazardous decomposition products	<ul> <li>Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous decomposition products should not be produced.</li> </ul>

Fine dust clouds may form explosive mixtures with air.

# Section 11. Toxicological information

#### Information on toxicological effects

#### Acute toxicity

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Dose	Exposure
xylene	LC50 Inhalation Gas.	Rat	6700 ppm	4 hours
	LD50 Oral	Rat	4300 mg/kg	-
ethylbenzene	LC50 Inhalation Gas.	Rabbit	4000 ppm	4 hours
	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	>5000 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	3500 mg/kg	-
1-methoxy-2-propanol	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	13 g/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	6600 mg/kg	-

#### Irritation/Corrosion

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Score	Exposure	Observation
1-methoxy-2-propanol	Eyes - Mild irritant Skin - Mild irritant	Rabbit Rabbit	-	24 hours 500 milligrams 500 milligrams	-

#### **Sensitisation**

Not available.

#### **Mutagenicity**

Not available.

#### **Carcinogenicity**

Not available.

#### **Reproductive toxicity**

Not available.

#### **Teratogenicity**

Not available.

#### Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure)

Name	Category	Route of exposure	Target organs
1-methoxy-2-propanol	Category 3	Not applicable.	Narcotic effects

#### Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)

Name		Route of exposure	Target organs
ethylbenzene	Category 2	Not determined	ears

#### Aspiration hazard

Name	Result
ethylbenzene	ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1

Information on the likely routes of exposure	:	Not available.
Potential acute health effects		
Eye contact	:	Causes serious eye irritation.
Inhalation	:	No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Skin contact	:	Causes skin irritation. May cause an allergic skin reaction.
Ingestion	:	No known significant effects or critical hazards.

#### Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics

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# Section 11. Toxicological information

Eye contact	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: pain or irritation watering redness
Inhalation	: No specific data.
Skin contact	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: irritation redness
Ingestion	: No specific data.

Delayed and immediate effect	cts	and also chronic effects from short and long term exposure
<u>Short term exposure</u>		
Potential immediate effects	1	Not available.
Potential delayed effects	1	Not available.
Long term exposure		
Potential immediate effects	:	Not available.
Potential delayed effects	1	Not available.
Potential chronic health eff	ect	<u>S</u>
Not available.		
General	:	Once sensitized, a severe allergic reaction may occur when subsequently exposed to very low levels.
Carcinogenicity	1	No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Mutagenicity	1	No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Teratogenicity	:	No known significant effects or critical hazards.
<b>Developmental effects</b>	1	No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Fertility effects	1	No known significant effects or critical hazards.

#### Numerical measures of toxicity

#### Acute toxicity estimates

Route	ATE value
Oral Dermal	19920,3 mg/kg 10781,4 mg/kg
	74,31 mg/l

# Section 12. Ecological information

#### **Toxicity**

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Exposure
epoxy resin (MW ≤ 700)	Acute EC50 1,4 mg/l	Daphnia	48 hours
	Acute LC50 3,1 mg/l	Fish - fathead minnow	96 hours
ethylbenzene	Acute EC50 7,2 mg/l	Algae	48 hours
	Acute EC50 2,93 mg/l	Daphnia	48 hours
	Acute LC50 4,2 mg/l	Fish	96 hours

#### Persistence/degradability

Not available.

# Section 12. Ecological information

Product/ingredient name	Aquatic half-life	Photolysis	Biodegradability
epoxy resin (MW ≤ 700)	-	-	Not readily
xylene	-	-	Readily
benzyl alcohol	-	-	Readily
ethylbenzene	-	-	Readily

#### **Bioaccumulative potential**

Product/ingredient name	LogPow	BCF	Potential
epoxy resin (MW ≤ 700) xylene benzyl alcohol ethylbenzene 1-methoxy-2-propanol hydrocarbons, c9-unsatd., polymd.	2.64 to 3.78 3,12 0,87 3,6 <1 3,627	31 8.1 to 25.9 <100 - - -	low low low low low low

#### Mobility in soil

Soil/water partition coefficient (Koc)

: Not available.

Other adverse effects

: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

### Section 13. Disposal considerations

**Disposal methods** 

: The generation of waste should be avoided or minimised wherever possible. Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Dispose of surplus and nonrecyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste should not be disposed of untreated to the sewer unless fully compliant with the requirements of all authorities with jurisdiction. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Care should be taken when handling emptied containers that have not been cleaned or rinsed out. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. Vapour from product residues may create a highly flammable or explosive atmosphere inside the container. Do not cut, weld or grind used containers unless they have been cleaned thoroughly internally. Avoid dispersal of spilt material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers.

# Section 14. Transport information

**Transport within user's premises:** always transport in closed containers that are upright and secure. Ensure that persons transporting the product know what to do in the event of an accident or spillage.

	UN	IMDG	IATA
UN number	1263	1263	1263
UN proper shipping name	Paint	Paint	Paint
Transport hazard class(es)	3	3	3
Packing group	Ш	Ш	Ш
Date of issue	: 23.11.2015.		

# Section 14. Transport information

Environmental hazards	No.	No.	No.
Special precautions for user	Transport within user's premises: always transport in closed containers that are upright and secure. Ensure that persons transporting the product know what to do in the event of an accident or spillage.	Transport within user's premises: always transport in closed containers that are upright and secure. Ensure that persons transporting the product know what to do in the event of an accident or spillage.	Transport within user's premises: always transport in closed containers that are upright and secure. Ensure that persons transporting the product know what to do in the event of an accident or spillage.
Additional information	-	Emergency schedules (EmS) F-E, <u>S-E</u>	-
ADR / RID		ot restricted, ref. chapter 2.2.3.1.	5 (applicable to receptacles <
IMDG	<ul><li>450 litre capacity).</li><li>IMDG: Viscous substance. Trans</li></ul>	sport in accordance with paragra	ph 2.3.2.5 (applicable to

### Section 15. Regulatory information

receptacles < 30 litre capacity).

Safety, health and environmental regulations specific for the product : No known specific national and/or regional regulations applicable to this product (including its ingredients).

### Section 16. Other information

#### **History**

Date of printing	: 23.11.2015.
Key to abbreviations	<ul> <li>ADN = European Provisions concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Inland Waterway ADR = The European Agreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Road ATE = Acute Toxicity Estimate BCF = Bioconcentration Factor GHS = Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals IATA = International Air Transport Association IBC = Internediate Bulk Container IMDG = International Maritime Dangerous Goods LogPow = logarithm of the octanol/water partition coefficient MARPOL 73/78 = International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution From Ships, 1973 as modified by the Protocol of 1978. ("Marpol" = marine pollution) RID = The Regulations concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Rail UN = United Nations</li> </ul>

#### Notice to reader

The information in this document is given to the best of Jotun's knowledge, based on laboratory testing and practical experience. Jotun's products are considered as semi-finished goods and as such, products are often used under conditions beyond Jotun's control. Jotun cannot guarantee anything but the quality of the product itself. Minor product variations may be implemented in order to comply with local requirements. Jotun reserves the right to change the given data without further notice.

Users should always consult Jotun for specific guidance on the general suitability of this product for their needs and specific application practices.

If there is any inconsistency between different language issues of this document, the English (United Kingdom) version will prevail.

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