SAFETY DATA SHEET



Barrier 80 Comp A

Section 1. Ident	ification
Product name	: 环氧富锌底漆OHM 组份A
Product code	: 7680
Product type	: Liquid.
Product description	: Paint.
Relevant identified uses	of the substance or mixture and uses advised against
Supplier's details	: 佐敦涂料(张家港)有限公司 江苏省张家港保税区扬子江化学工业园长江路15号 215634 电话: +86 512 58937988 传真: +86 512 58937986
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	中远佐敦船舶涂料(青岛)有限公司 中国山东省青岛市高新技术产业开发区春阳路南侧、华贯路东侧, 266109 总机电话: +86-532-68689888 总机传真: +86-532-66726750
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Emergency telephone number	: Emergency Services for Chemical Incident of China. Tel: +86 532 83889090

Section 2. Hazards identification

Classification of the substance or mixture	: FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 3 SKIN CORROSION/IRRITATION - Category 2 SKIN SENSITIZATION - Category 1 ACUTE AQUATIC HAZARD - Category 1 LONG-TERM AQUATIC HAZARD - Category 1
GHS label elements	
Hazard pictograms	
Signal word	: Warning.
Hazard statements	 Flammable liquid and vapour. Causes skin irritation. May cause an allergic skin reaction. Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.
Precautionary statements	

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Section 2. Hazards identification

Prevention	: Wear protective gloves. Wear eye or face protection. Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking. Use explosion-proof electrical, ventilating, lighting and all material-handling equipment. Use only non-sparking tools. Take precautionary measures against static discharge. Keep container tightly closed. Avoid release to the environment. Avoid breathing vapour. Wash hands thoroughly after handling. Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace.
Response	: Collect spillage. IF ON SKIN (or hair): Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water or shower. IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of soap and water. Take off contaminated clothing and wash it before reuse. If skin irritation or rash occurs: Get medical attention. In case of fire: Use dry chemical, CO2, water spray or foam to extinguish.
Storage	: Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep cool.
Disposal	 Dispose of contents and container in accordance with all local, regional, national and international regulations.

Section 3. Composition/information on ingredients

Substance/mixture	:	Mixture
Other means of identification	:	Not available.
CAS number/other identifiers		
CAS number	:	Not applicable.
EC number	:	Mixture.
Product code	;	7680

Ingredient name	%	CAS number
zinc	≥50 - <75	7440-66-6
epoxy resin (MW 700-1200)	≥6 - <10	25036-25-3
xylene	≥5 - <10	1330-20-7
1-methoxy-2-propanol	≥1 - <3	107-98-2
ethylbenzene	≥1 - <3	100-41-4
zinc oxide	≥1 - <3	1314-13-2

There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified as hazardous to health or the environment and hence require reporting in this section.

Occupational exposure limits, if available, are listed in Section 8.

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Section 4. First-aid measures

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Description of necess	sary first and measures
Eye contact	: Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water, occasionally lifting the upper and lower eyelids. Check for and remove any contact lenses. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Get medical attention.
Inhalation	: Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. If not breathing, if breathing is irregular or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by trained personnel. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Get medical attention if adverse health effects persist or are severe. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband.
Skin contact	: Wash with plenty of soap and water. Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly with water before removing it, or wear gloves. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Get medical attention. In the event of any complaints or symptoms, avoid further exposure. Wash clothing before reuse. Clean shoes thoroughly before reuse.

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Section 4. First-aid measures

Ingestion		Wash out mouth with water. Remove dentures if any. Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. If material has been swallowed and the exposed person is conscious, give small quantities of water to drink. Stop if the exposed person feels sick as vomiting may be dangerous. Do not induce vomiting unless directed to do so by medical personnel. If vomiting occurs, the head should be kept low so that vomit does not enter the lungs. Get medical attention if adverse health effects persist or are severe. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband.	
Most important symptoms/et		cts, acute and delayed	
Potential acute health effec			
Eye contact		No known significant effects or critical hazards.	
Inhalation		No known significant effects or critical hazards.	
Skin contact		Causes skin irritation. May cause an allergic skin reaction.	
Ingestion		No known significant effects or critical hazards.	
Over-exposure signs/symp			
Eye contact	:	Adverse symptoms may include the following: pain or irritation watering redness	
Inhalation	:	No specific data.	
Skin contact	:	Adverse symptoms may include the following: irritation redness	
Ingestion	:	No specific data.	
Indication of immediate medical attention and special treatment needed, if necessary			
Notes to physician	:	Treat symptomatically. Contact poison treatment specialist immediately if large quantities have been ingested or inhaled.	
Specific treatments	1	No specific treatment.	
Protection of first-aiders	:	No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly with water before removing it, or wear gloves.	
See toxicological information (Section 11)			

Section 5. Fire-fighting measures

Extinguishing media	
Suitable extinguishing media	: Use dry chemical, CO ₂ , water spray (fog) or foam.
Unsuitable extinguishing media	: Do not use water jet.
Specific hazards arising from the chemical	: Flammable liquid and vapour. In a fire or if heated, a pressure increase will occur and the container may burst, with the risk of a subsequent explosion. Runoff to sewer may create fire or explosion hazard. This material is very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects. Fire water contaminated with this material must be contained and prevented from being discharged to any waterway, sewer or drain.
Hazardous thermal decomposition products	: Decomposition products may include the following materials: carbon dioxide carbon monoxide metal oxide/oxides
Special protective actions for fire-fighters	: Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Move containers from fire area if this can be done without risk. Use water spray to keep fire-exposed containers cool.

Section 5. Fire-fighting measures

Special protective equipment for fire-fighters	 Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode.

Section 6. Accidental release measures

Personal precautions,	protective equipment and emergency procedures	

For non-emergency personnel	:	No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. Do not touch or walk through spilt material. Shut off all ignition sources. No flares, smoking or flames in hazard area. Avoid breathing vapour or mist. Provide adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment.
For emergency responders	:	If specialised clothing is required to deal with the spillage, take note of any information in Section 8 on suitable and unsuitable materials. See also the information in "For non-emergency personnel".
Environmental precautions	:	Avoid dispersal of spilt material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air). Water polluting material. May be harmful to the environment if released in large quantities. Collect spillage.
Methods and material for con	tai	nment and cleaning up
Small spill	:	Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Dilute with water and mop up if water-soluble. Alternatively, or if water-insoluble, absorb with an inert dry material and place in an appropriate waste disposal container. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor.
Large spill	:	Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Approach the release from upwind. Prevent entry into sewers, water courses, basements or confined areas. Wash spillages into an effluent treatment plant or proceed as follows. Contain and collect spillage with non-combustible, absorbent material e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite or diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations (see Section 13). Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Contaminated absorbent material may pose the same hazard as the spill product. Note: see Section 1 for emergency contact information and Section 13 for waste disposal.

Section 7. Handling and storage

Precautions for safe handling	:	Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this material is handled, stored and processed. Workers should wash hands and face before eating, drinking and smoking. Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering eating areas. See also Section 8 for additional information on hygiene measures.
Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities	:	Store in accordance with local regulations. Store in a segregated and approved area. Store in original container protected from direct sunlight in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area, away from incompatible materials (see Section 10) and food and drink. Eliminate all ignition sources. Separate from oxidizing materials. Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Do not store in unlabelled containers. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination.

Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

Control parameters

Occupational exposure limits

Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

Ingredient name		Exposure limits
xylene 1-methoxy-2-propanol		GBZ 2.1 (China, 4/2007). PC-STEL: 100 mg/m ³ 15 minutes. PC-TWA: 50 mg/m ³ 8 hours. ACGIH TLV (United States, 3/2015). STEL: 369 mg/m ³ 15 minutes. STEL: 100 ppm 15 minutes. TWA: 184 mg/m ³ 8 hours. TWA: 50 ppm 9 hours.
ethylbenzene zinc oxide		TWA: 50 ppm 8 hours. GBZ 2.1 (China, 4/2007). PC-TWA: 100 mg/m ³ 8 hours. PC-STEL: 150 mg/m ³ 15 minutes. GBZ 2.1 (China, 4/2007).
		PC-STEL: 5 mg/m ³ 15 minutes. Form: PC-TWA: 3 mg/m ³ 8 hours. Form:
Recommended monitoring procedures	atmosphere or biological monit of the ventilation or other contr protective equipment. Referen	ents with exposure limits, personal, workplace toring may be required to determine the effectiveness of measures and/or the necessity to use respiratory nee should be made to appropriate monitoring nal guidance documents for methods for the bstances will also be required.
Appropriate engineering controls	ventilation or other engineering contaminants below any recom	tion. Use process enclosures, local exhaust g controls to keep worker exposure to airborne mended or statutory limits. The engineering controls or dust concentrations below any lower explosive ntilation equipment.
Environmental exposure controls	they comply with the requirement cases, fume scrubbers, filters	vork process equipment should be checked to ensure ents of environmental protection legislation. In some or engineering modifications to the process o reduce emissions to acceptable levels.
ndividual protection measure	es	
Hygiene measures	eating, smoking and using the Appropriate techniques should Contaminated work clothing sh	ce thoroughly after handling chemical products, before lavatory and at the end of the working period. be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing. nould not be allowed out of the workplace. Wash eusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety station location.
Eye protection	indicates this is necessary to a dusts. If contact is possible, the	N 166 should be used when a risk assessment void exposure to liquid splashes, mists, gases or ne following protection should be worn, unless the degree of protection: chemical splash goggles.
Skin protection		
Hand protection	be worn at all times when hand this is necessary. Considering check during use that the glove should be noted that the time to different for different glove man	s gloves complying with an approved standard should dling chemical products if a risk assessment indicates the parameters specified by the glove manufacturer, es are still retaining their protective properties. It o breakthrough for any glove material may be nufacturers. In the case of mixtures, consisting of tion time of the gloves cannot be accurately
	resistance to any individual or of The breakthrough time must be The instructions and informatic storage, maintenance and repl Gloves should be replaced reg material.	e greater than the end use time of the product. on provided by the glove manufacturer on use,
	The performance or effectivened amage and poor maintenance	ess of the glove may be reduced by physical/chemical e. otect the exposed areas of the skin but should not be

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Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

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	applied once exposure has occurred.
	Wear suitable gloves tested to EN374. May be used, gloves(breakthrough time) 4 - 8 hours: PVC Not recommended, gloves(breakthrough time) < 1 hour: butyl rubber, neoprene Recommended, gloves(breakthrough time) > 8 hours: 4H, Teflon, nitrile rubber, polyvinyl alcohol (PVA)
Body protection	: Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product. When there is a risk of ignition from static electricity, wear anti-static protective clothing. For the greatest protection from static discharges, clothing should include anti-static overalls, boots and gloves.
Other skin protection	 Appropriate footwear and any additional skin protection measures should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.
Respiratory protection	: Use a properly fitted, air-purifying or air-fed respirator complying with an approved standard if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Respirator selection must be based on known or anticipated exposure levels, the hazards of the product and the safe working limits of the selected respirator.

Section 9. Physical and chemical properties

<u>Appearance</u>		
Physical state	:	Liquid.
Colour	1	Various
Odour	:	Characteristic.
Odour threshold	1	Not available.
рН	1	Not applicable.
Melting point	1	Not applicable.
Boiling point	1	Lowest known value: 120.17°C (248.3°F) (1-methoxy-2-propanol). Weighted average: 132.36°C (270.2°F)
Flash point	1	Closed cup: 27°C (80.6°F)
Burning time	:	Not applicable.
Burning rate	:	Not applicable.
Evaporation rate	;	Highest known value: 0.84 (ethylbenzene) Weighted average: 0.79compared with butyl acetate
Flammability (solid, gas)	1	Not applicable.
Lower and upper explosive (flammable) limits	:	0.8 - 13.74%
Vapour pressure	:	Highest known value: 1.2 kPa (9.3 mm Hg) (at 20°C) (ethylbenzene). Weighted average: 1 kPa (7.5 mm Hg) (at 20°C)
Vapour density	1	Highest known value: 3.7 (Air = 1) (xylene). Weighted average: 3.56 (Air = 1)
Relative density	1	3.04 g/cm³ @ 20 °C
Solubility	1	Insoluble in the following materials: cold water and hot water.
Partition coefficient: n- octanol/water	:	Not available.
Auto-ignition temperature	:	Lowest known value: 270°C (518°F) (1-methoxy-2-propanol).
Decomposition temperature	:	Not available.
SADT	:	Not available.
Viscosity	:	Kinematic (40°C): >0.225 cm²/s (>22.5 mm²/s)

Section 10. Stability and reactivity

Reactivity	: No specific test data related to reactivity available for this product or its ingredients.	
Chemical stability	: The product is stable.	
Possibility of hazardous reactions	: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will not occur.	
Conditions to avoid	: Avoid all possible sources of ignition (spark or flame). Do not pressurise, cut, weld, braze, solder, drill, grind or expose containers to heat or sources of ignition.	,
Incompatible materials	: Keep away from the following materials to prevent strong exothermic reactions: oxidising agents, strong alkalis, strong acids.	
Hazardous decomposition products	: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous decomposition products should not be produced.	

Fine dust clouds may form explosive mixtures with air.

Section 11. Toxicological information

Information on toxicological effects

Acute toxicity

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Dose	Exposure
xylene	LC50 Inhalation Gas.	Rat	6700 ppm	4 hours
	LD50 Oral	Rat	4300 mg/kg	-
1-methoxy-2-propanol	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	13 g/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	6600 mg/kg	-
ethylbenzene	LC50 Inhalation Gas.	Rabbit	4000 ppm	4 hours
-	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	>5000 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	3500 mg/kg	-

Irritation/Corrosion

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Score	Exposure	Observation
zinc	Skin - Mild irritant	Human	-	72 hours 300 Micrograms Intermittent	-
1-methoxy-2-propanol	Eyes - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 500 milligrams	-
	Skin - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	500 milligrams	-
zinc oxide	Eyes - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 500 milligrams	-
	Skin - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 500 milligrams	-

Sensitisation

Not available.

Mutagenicity

Not available.

Carcinogenicity

Not available.

Reproductive toxicity

Not available.

Teratogenicity

Not available.

Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure)

Name		Route of exposure	Target organs
1-methoxy-2-propanol	Category 3	Not applicable.	Narcotic effects

Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)

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Section 11. Toxicological information

Name	Category	Route of exposure	Target organs
ethylbenzene	Category 2	Not determined	hearing organs

Aspiration hazard

Name	Result
ethylbenzene	ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1

Information on the likely : Not available. routes of exposure Potential acute health effects : No known significant effects or critical hazards. Eye contact Inhalation : No known significant effects or critical hazards. **Skin contact** : Causes skin irritation. May cause an allergic skin reaction. Ingestion : No known significant effects or critical hazards. Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics Eye contact : Adverse symptoms may include the following: pain or irritation watering redness : No specific data. Inhalation **Skin contact** ÷. Adverse symptoms may include the following: irritation redness Ingestion : No specific data. Delayed and immediate effects and also chronic effects from short and long term exposure Short term exposure **Potential immediate** : Not available. effects Potential delayed effects : Not available. Long term exposure **Potential immediate** : Not available. effects

Potential delayed effects : Not available.

Potential chronic health effects

Not available.

General	: Once sensitized, a severe allergic reaction may occur when subsequently exposed to very low levels.
Carcinogenicity	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Mutagenicity	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Teratogenicity	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Developmental effects	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Fertility effects	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Numerical measures of toxicity

Acute toxicity estimates

Route	ATE value
	15986,2 mg/kg 119,9 mg/l

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Section 11. Toxicological information

Section 12. Ecological information

Toxicity

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Exposure
zinc	Acute LC50 330 µg/l Fresh water	Daphnia - Daphnia magna	48 hours
	Acute LC50 0.78 mg/l Fresh water	Fish	96 hours
ethylbenzene	Acute EC50 7.2 mg/l	Algae	48 hours
-	Acute EC50 2.93 mg/l	Daphnia	48 hours
	Acute LC50 4.2 mg/l	Fish	96 hours
zinc oxide	Acute LC50 1.1 ppm Fresh water	Fish - Oncorhynchus mykiss	96 hours

Persistence/degradability

Product/ingredient name	Aquatic half-life	Photolysis	Biodegradability
zinc	-	-	Not readily
xylene	-	-	Readily
ethylbenzene	-	-	Readily
zinc oxide	-	-	Not readily

Bioaccumulative potential

Product/ingredient name	LogPow	BCF	Potential
xylene	3,12	8.1 to 25.9	low
1-methoxy-2-propanol	<1	-	low
ethylbenzene	3,6	-	low
zinc oxide	-	60960	high

Mobility in soil

Soil/water partition: Not available.coefficient (Koc)

Other adverse effects

: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Section 13. Disposal considerations

Disposal methods : The generation of waste should be avoided or minimised wherever possible. Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Dispose of surplus and nonrecyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste should not be disposed of untreated to the sewer unless fully compliant with the requirements of all authorities with jurisdiction. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Care should be taken when handling emptied containers that have not been cleaned or rinsed out. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. Vapour from product residues may create a highly flammable or explosive atmosphere inside the container. Do not cut, weld or grind used containers unless they have been cleaned thoroughly internally. Avoid dispersal of spilt material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers.

Section 14. Transport information

Transport within user's premises: always transport in closed containers that are upright and secure. Ensure that persons transporting the product know what to do in the event of an accident or spillage.

	UN	IMDG	IATA
UN number	1263	1263	1263
UN proper shipping name	Paint	Paint. Marine pollutant (zinc)	Paint
Transport hazard class(es)	3	3	3
Packing group	III	111	111
Environmental hazards	No.	Yes.	No.
Special precautions for user	Transport within user's premises: always transport in closed containers that are upright and secure. Ensure that persons transporting the product know what to do in the event of an accident or spillage.	Transport within user's premises: always transport in closed containers that are upright and secure. Ensure that persons transporting the product know what to do in the event of an accident or spillage.	Transport within user's premises: always transport in closed containers that are upright and secure. Ensure that persons transporting the product know what to do in the event of an accident or spillage.
Additional information	Remarks These zinc types have been tested according to the criteria for classes 4.1, 4.2 and 4.3. The testresults shows that these types do not meet the criterias for classifying in class 4.1, 4.2, 4.3 : BAM, 2005 Report II.2-916/04.	The marine pollutant mark is not required when transported in sizes of ≤5 L or ≤5 kg. Emergency schedules (EmS) F-E, <u>S-E</u>	The environmentally hazardous substance mark may appear if required by other transportation regulations.
	The environmental hazardous / r more than 5 litres for liquids and Tunnel restriction code: (D/E) Hazard identification number: 30 Special provisions: 630E	5 kg for solids.	licable for packages containing

Section 15. Regulatory information

Safety, health and environmental regulations specific for the product : No known specific national and/or regional regulations applicable to this product (including its ingredients).

Section 16. Other information

History	
Date of printing	: 24.06.2016
Key to abbreviations	 ADN = European Provisions concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Inland Waterway ADR = The European Agreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Road ATE = Acute Toxicity Estimate BCF = Bioconcentration Factor GHS = Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals IATA = International Air Transport Association
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Section 16. Other information

IBC = Intermediate Bulk Container IMDG = International Maritime Dangerous Goods LogPow = logarithm of the octanol/water partition coefficient MARPOL 73/78 = International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution From Ships, 1973 as modified by the Protocol of 1978. ("Marpol" = marine pollution) RID = The Regulations concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Rail UN = United Nations

Notice to reader

The information in this document is given to the best of Jotun's knowledge, based on laboratory testing and practical experience. Jotun's products are considered as semi-finished goods and as such, products are often used under conditions beyond Jotun's control. Jotun cannot guarantee anything but the quality of the product itself. Minor product variations may be implemented in order to comply with local requirements. Jotun reserves the right to change the given data without further notice.

Users should always consult Jotun for specific guidance on the general suitability of this product for their needs and specific application practices.

If there is any inconsistency between different language issues of this document, the English (United Kingdom) version will prevail.